

STONY PLAIN SUN.

Volume Thirtieth

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, DEC. 24, 1932

Whole No. 541

Our Man's Faith.

I met Bill Smith, a friend of mine,
At lunch the other day.
I drew my chair beside his own,
To hear what he might say,
And, for the sake of argument,
Though mostly just to jest,
I made it clear I didn't like
The way this world is run.

"I've ever try to run a world?"
He asked in calm reply.

But, just the same, I saw a glint
Of danger in his eye.

I shifted gears to safer ground
And took another tack:

"The tourist trade is fine," says I,
"Good times are coming back."

And on this point we both agreed.

Bill's face was wreathed in grin.

Bill's faith was his redeeming trait,
Despite his sundry sins.

"You bet your life they will," he roared.

"They're coming back to stay,

I told that cautious Jim O'Neil

Two brand new times today."

When fellows like Old Jim O'Neil

Give up their hoarded coin,

It's proof that prosperity

Will soon the West regain.

The Midnight Frolic.

Dancers will be delighted to learn that the Glee Club has arranged to hold one of its popular "soaps," starting on New Year's night. This will be in the nature of a midnight frolic, and will start Sunday midnight at 24.05. The ever-popular Barth's orchestra has been engaged for the occasion, and one of the added features will be the Battle of the Soapballs.

Exhibition of Glass Blowing.

The Venetian Art Glass workers, the pair of glass-blowers that held out at the town hall for several days last week, proved to be quite a novelty here, in the way of shows, giving all and sundry a peep into the mysteries of the art of glass blowing. The school pupils, in particular, were intrigued while watching the operations of those engaged in this ancient craft. Another interesting feature of the show, and one which was appreciated, was the presentation to each patron of a souvenir.

A Watchnight Service.

It is intimated there is the intention to hold a Watchnight service in Stony Plain this year, under the auspices of the congregation of the United Church and Pastor Hieber. These services, which usually begin about 11.30 in the evening of the last day of the year, are very popular in the East, where they are largely attended, are pretty much of an innovation this far West. The first of its kind in Stony Plain will be held either at the United Manse or in the church building.

No Free Trips on Trucks.

An amendment just passed by the Government to the regulations governing trucks forbids, in future, passenger traffic on freight trucks in Alberta. The new order, just gazetted, reads, in part that no such vehicle shall be used "for the purpose of carrying any persons other than the operator and 1 assistant."

The only exception to this new order is, when permission is given in writing by the Minister or a member of the R.C.M.P.; the permission so given to be limited to the trip specified.

Big Game License Holders.

The attention of holders of big game licenses is drawn to sec. 48 of the Game act, which says:

"Every resident to whom a big game license has been issued in any year shall immediately after the time fixed for the expiration of the license, return the same to the Department together with a statement signed by him and attested showing the number of animals killed or taken by him during the period mentioned in such license."

Best Wishes!

We extend to You
the Season's
Heartiest Greetings,
and wish You
More Prosperous
Days in 1933.

T. J. Hardwick.

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

(Phone 24)

Wishing You the Season's Greetings!

And assuring You of our keen appreciation
of your goodwill and patronage.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.



A STRIKING AND PROFITABLE OFFER FOR YOU.

The Stony Plain Sun and
The Family Herald & Weekly Star

Both
Together
For **\$1.65.**

Here is a Combination Offer which Every
Reader should profit by.

The Stony Plain Sun is \$1.50 a year.
The Family Herald & Weekly Star is \$1.

By subscribing thru this attractive combination offer at \$1.65 you are offered a clear saving of \$1.35, a saving well worth considering.

The Stony Plain Sun, which no resident of this locality can well afford to be without, while featuring general Dominion news, keeps you in touch with everything of importance in this district.

The Family Herald & Weekly Star, the national rural magazine and farm paper of Canada, brings you the up-to-date in farming news, a weekly magazine of fine stories and special articles, and a digest of all the news of importance, Canadian and world-wide.

SUBSCRIBE TODAY TO THIS HAPPY AND HELPFUL COMBINATION. THE TWO MOST NEEDED PAPERS FOR YOUR HOME FOR ONLY \$1.65. ADDRESS YOUR REMITTANCE FOR THIS OFFER TO THE STONY PLAIN SUN.

Young's Store.

We wish to thank you all for your kind patronage during the past year, and hope that we will merit your confidence and goodwill during the years to come.

Thomas Young.

Guaranteed Used Cars!

1928 Chevrolet Sedan; completely overhauled	\$300
1930 Chevrolet Sedan, just like new	\$650
1932 Chevrolet Light Delivery, just like new	\$750
1929 Chevrolet Coach, reconditioned and all new tires	\$350
1929 Chevrolet Coach, reconditioned, good tires	\$325
1930 Chevrolet Truck, reconditioned, new body	\$475
1929 Ford Truck	\$350

Sommerfield & Mayer
STONY PLAIN.

DON'T BUY IN THE DARK.
SPEND YOUR MONEY
FOR ADVERTISED GOODS.



Her Heart Was Weak Serves Study, Night Sessions

Mrs. A. Stark, Waltham, Ont., writes:—
"I suffered from heart weakness, shaky nerves,
and restless nights."

I saw your advertisement for Milburn's Heart
and Nerve Pills and decided to try them although
I did not have much faith, but now I am very
thankful I did as they have proved of wonderful
help to me.

I am now strong and well again, but am none
without a box in the house."

See this at all drug and general stores; get it only by the E. Milburn Co., Ltd.,
Toronto, Ont.

Paying The War Debt

Great Britain's war debt to the United States was the subject of a recent article in this column in which it was pointed out that that debt was contracted by Britain, not to finance its own war expenditures, but in order to enable it to believe up its Allies who had reached the end of their financial resources. The fact was further noted that the United States did not lend gold to Britain for this purpose, but extended credit for the purchase of supplies of all kinds in the United States, thus providing employment at high wages for United States workmen and producers, and very large profits to the people of that country out of the high war prices then prevailing. Attention was also drawn to the fact that, following the war, the United States insisted upon repayment of these credits in gold; that it refused to accept goods and services from Britain; and that, to prevent the possibility of repayment being made in goods it raised its tariff to prohibitive heights, thus largely shutting out British goods.

The further fact was noted that Great Britain had made a gallant attempt to meet all its obligations to the United States in gold, even under these almost impossible conditions, impoverishing its own people in so doing, and finally being forced to abandon the gold standard, while at the same time in order to prevent the complete collapse of Europe it agreed to practically wipe out all payments due to Britain by Germany. In conclusion, we submitted that the time had arrived when Great Britain, unable any longer to make payment in gold, should say to the United States that, while it was in no sense repudiating its debt, because of the impossibility of continuing gold payments it would refrain from making any further payments except in the same manner as the United States provided the credit, namely, in goods and services.

This particular article came to the notice of a paper published in Montreal, which reproduced it in full, saying it was more moderate in its presentation of the British viewpoint than most papers, and that, in some ways, the viewpoint expressed was reasonable enough but in other ways unattractive to the U.S. citizen. Then, in a friendly way, this U.S. paper refers to the fact that "England seems able to devote some 600 millions annually to military purposes yet means pitifully at the thought of paying one-fifth of that sum on her debt over here." It then refers to France's expenditure of 441 millions on her war machine, Italy's 231 millions for a like purpose, etc.

One can, of course, appreciate this point of view on the part of U.S. people, but the fact must not be lost sight of that Great Britain has reduced her military expenditures to a greater extent than any other country; that, with a world-encircling Empire she is spending less, not only proportionately but actually, than the United States, much less than France, and that she is the foremost advocate of disarmament in the world today. He it noted, too, that the one-fifth payment mentioned by this U.S. paper has to be made every six months, therefore it is actually equal to two-fifths of Britain's military expenditures. Furthermore, the military expenditures do not have to be met in payments of gold, but in pay to thousands of soldiers and sailors, clothing, food and equipment for them, thus maintaining thousands of families that would otherwise have to be supported by relief expenditures. But Uncle Sam refuses supplies of any and all kinds and demands gold, nothing but gold, which Britain no longer possesses in the quantities required because it is now stored away in vaults in the United States and France.

This U.S. paper says further that people outside the United States are prone to forget that some years ago the United States scaled down the amounts due by all its debtor nations. True, but in the scaling down what happened? We have before us a statement of the amounts owing by all nations to the United States prior to the payments of December 16. It shows that Great Britain owes \$4,660,000,000 principal and \$4,505,945,000 interest. That is, in its bargain with Britain the U.S. is to collect interest nearly one and one-half times greater than the principal sum. But in the case of France the U.S. asks only \$2,822,474,600 interest on a principal debt of 4,085,000,000, while in the case of Italy with a principal debt of \$2,842,000,000, the U.S. asks only \$666,677,000 in interest.

Or lumping all the debts together, the principal amount is \$11,522,204,000, of which Britain and France each owe approximately one-third, while the interest amounts to \$19,671,185,000, of which amount Britain is called upon to pay \$4,505,945,000, or over two-thirds of the total. Where, we think it may well be asked, is the fairness in such a form of scaling down or of settlement?

Yet Britain is the one nation that is making the most determined effort to pay. It has not defaulted one payment, or one dollar. It has never even hinted at repudiation. All that was suggested in this column was that the United States give it a chance to pay in goods and services instead of gold, seeing that it is now utterly impossible to continue to pay in gold, always remembering that the United States did not lend gold to Britain but granted credits for goods and supplies of all kinds purchased in the United States, which business added enormously to the wealth of the people of the republic, and a goodly percentage of which was actually paid to the United States Government in the form of income and other taxes imposed on the wealth thus created by Britain's purchases.

If the United States objects to any revival of the debt refunding agreement made with Britain; if it still persists in a tariff policy which makes it impossible for Britain to pay in goods and services, and insists on gold payment but gold, then, we repeat, Britain will be fully justified in withholding gold payments—which it is impossible for her to continue to make,—and let the debt stand until such time as the United States changes its policy.

If one man owed another for goods he had obtained from him and found, owing to circumstances entirely beyond his control, that he could not pay in cash but offered to pay in goods or other property he possessed, then every person would say the creditor should accept what his debtor was able and willing to pay; that it was the creditor's, the business-like thing to do.

Apple One That Pays

Congressman-elect F. H. Storch, of Pennsylvania, after 12 years of another experimenting—harboring to be known as—in his back yard at Appleton, Wis., where he used to live, produced a sweet apple with a soft pulp.

Thankfully Received

Friend: "Why are you so grateful?" Country Editor: "I just received another fine contribution from Farmer Brown's pen." Friend: "Nah! What was it?" Country Editor: "A few fat pig on subscription."

Looking For New Job

Lord Mayor's Head Chef Has Enjoyed
Year Of Hard Work

F. O. Bowles, chief of the Mansion House kitchen in London, England, has dodged his hat, white chef's hat and snowy coat and said goodbye to the Mansion House after 21 years of office as Lord Mayor, Mr. Bowles has presided over the kitchen. "It has been one of the hardest and happiest years of my life," said Mr. Bowles, who is only 37, and is looking for fresh cooking worlds to conquer. He pointed to a 200-year-old table in the kitchen and to the huge coal cooking range on which, if need be, he can prepare meals for 1,000 people at once. The King and Queen have visited his stronghold of shining copper utensils and up-to-date cooking devices. "One of the outstanding events of the year," he said, "was when I made one of the biggest wedding cakes on record. This was for the wedding of the Lord Mayor's son. The cake weighed a quarter of a ton and stood seven feet high—much taller than myself. I used three-quarters of a hundredweight of sugar on it. It took most of my spare time for seven weeks." Mr. Bowles who is an artist in food, leaves nothing to chance. He buys everything, tastes everything, and anticipates everything—such as the unexpected addition of about fifty more guests to dinner. He thinks nothing of a little tea party of 500 people. In his spare time he thinks of new dishes.

Chinese Book Of Etiquette

Booked Study To Be Issued By
Government

The Chinese Government has decided to issue an official book of etiquette to guide the people during these days of sweeping changes in the social system.

The Ministry of the Interior has taken the matter in hand, and several leading officials of the Ministry are giving it their attention.

An official of the Ministry explained: "The thrust of modernism has swept away many established Chinese social customs. Hybrid innovations have replaced them. There is no longer an approved 'right way' for doing anything."

"We propose, therefore, to standardize all important rituals, and to set rules for even the most ordinary occasions. We are sure the people will appreciate guidance in such matters."

Chance To Make Fortune

By Discovery Of Where Sprats Spend
The Summer

Where do sprats go in the summer?

Thousands of pounds have been spent by British Government departments and fishing companies in attempting to find where these little fish live during nine months of the year.

"The man who finds the answer to the riddle will be a millionaire within a few months," said an official of the British Fisheries' Association the other day.

"The sprat is found in British waters between November and February. Then he vanishes; no one has ever found him."

Perfume Sales Is Irresistibly appealing to all women who appreciate charm and elegance. It is the complexion always clear and beautiful. Tonic in effect. Stimulates the skin and makes it wonderfully soft-textured. Softens and whitens the hands. Perfume Sales is equally invaluable to men as an excellent hair fixative and cooling shaving lotion. Splendid also to protect the tender skin of the child.

Didn't Want That Boat

A young man from the country went to London to join the police force. He passed the medical examination, and then the officer in charge asked him if he had a good general knowledge.

"Yes, sir," came the reply.

"Then how far is it from London to Birmingham?"

"Look here," said the young man, "if you're going to put me on that boat, I'd rather stay home and help father with the chickens."

Came Warden's Fish Story

Before the Fleeted Boat Made Way
Along Pier

Game Warden C. H. Pike, of Vancouver, has a new fish story and he sticks to it. He says that while driving his automobile along the Burr Road, near Cloverdale, two miles east of New Westminster, he had to stop to let a salmon pass.

"I was driving along the flooded section of the road and noticed something moving in the water on the road ahead of me," related Pike. "I halted the car and waded along through the water to see what it was. Sure enough, it was a big salmon looking slow progress along the road. When it saw me, of course, it started away, so I couldn't bring it home for supper—and evidence."

Thousands of acres in the Fraser and Burrhead Valley were under water as a result of recent floods. Mild weather melted the early snow in the hills and heavy rainfall in other sections contributed to the flow of water to the low land. Farmers in the Shaght River country, where roads in some places were two feet under water, are said to have made some good catches of fish in their backyards.

Leaky National Park

Woodmen Richard Heavily Prove
Great Attraction To Tourists

Kootenay National Park, established to preserve the natural beauty of the area along the western part of the Banff-Windermere Highway, has many claims on the tourist. On each side of the highway nature's handiwork remains in all its vivid beauty. In the Glacier section, where the motorist enters from the west, sheer rock walls coloured in places with a brilliant red as if artificially stained with pigments, rise from the little stream. Deer, bighorn sheep, elk, moose, and Rocky Mountain goat may be seen feeding lazily on the grassy slopes and practically every valley holds a sparkling lake or brook teeming with fish. At Glacier are also the famous hot springs, renowned for the therapeutic value of their waters.

Add Another Invention

Pioneer Of Brandon Has Several To
His Credit

H. L. Powers, a pioneer of the City of Brandon, has added to his list of inventions with an ash container and incinerator. Mr. Powers settled in Brandon in 1881, and has to his credit a number of patents, including a four-horse engine for a binder, a grain car door, two grain car unloaders, and a clothes line tightener.

He recently exhibited a model of the concrete incinerator for inspection, and it is said to be economical in construction and in operation. It is conceded to be a most sanitary way of disposing of garbage, and can serve four households in the same vicinity.

Miller's Worm Powders will drive worms from the system without injury to the child. The powders are so easy to take that the most delicate stomach can assimilate them and welcome them as speedy cures of pain, because they promptly remove the worms that cause the pain, and thus the suffering of the child is relieved. With an asterisk a remedy at hand so a child should suffer an hour from worms.

Defects In Modern Ships

Underwriter Linds Warns In
Address To Naval Architects

S. D. McCann, an underwriter of marine insurance, said before the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers at New York, that there were unnecessary structural hazards aboard even the most modern ships.

He claimed the hazards included unnecessary door sills or door lifts that were too high, uncovered deck waterways and scuppers, faulty stair bracks and stairs pitched at too steep an angle.

In 1921, he said, 2,207 accidents to passengers and crew were reported on 216 American ships. More than one-third of the accidents, he said, were caused by structural defects.

Cotton and artificial silk materials that cannot crumple or wrinkle is now being made by a new manufacturing process.

DECLARE THEY HATE SIGHT OF DUST CLOTHS

Canadian women vote dust cloth
a nuisance to use and to wash

MUCH PREFER APPLEFORD
WONDER PAPER

With so much inventive thought being given to eliminating unnecessary housework, it is only natural that a worthwhile substitute for the dusty dust cloth should be sought.

Now it has been found! Appleford Wonder Paper which actually dusters—sifts clean—as it polishes is receiving a hearty welcome from Canadian women, who detest dust cloths and all they stand for. Wonder Paper is made from clean rags and soft paper pulp, thoroughly impregnated with a high-grade furniture polish, and shucks dirt instead of spreading it. Appleford Wonder Paper comes in handy-size packages, twenty-five sheets, each as large as a duster. You merely crumple a sheet into a soft wad, and go over the surfaces requiring attention.

You'll be amazed at the quick and lasting finish Wonder Paper gives. When one side is worn and soiled, simply turn the Wonder Paper inside out. After the furniture or woodwork has been gone over, you can still use your Wonder Paper on the floor.

And when you're through—show it away. No duster to shake out or wash. No bother at all. The most obvious part of housework done in half the time and with half the effort. Doesn't the idea appeal to you?

Special Offer

Wonder Paper is made by the makers of the famous PARASANI heavy waxed paper in the Green Box. Most grocery hardware and department stores sell Appleford Wonder Paper. If yours doesn't, just send the coupon and we'll give you a new and unique booklet entitled "Leftovers," containing one hundred recipes, as a bonus for your trouble.

Appleford Paper Products, Ltd.,
Montreal, Quebec.

Enclosed find 25c for which
please send me one full-size
package of WONDER
PAPER and your 100 recipes
for "Leftovers."

Name.....

Address.....

My dealer is.....

Wood Preservation Problems

Cause Treatment In Subject Of
Investigation By Scientific Tests

With the increasing use of wood preservatives in extending the life of wood structures, problems are constantly being encountered the importance of which could not be foreseen in the early days of the development of this practice. One such problem is the "bleeding" of timbers after impregnation with creosote. By "bleeding" is meant the exudation of creosote to the surface of the timber, rendering it difficult to handle, and a menace to the wearing apparel of the workmen or others coming in contact with it. In the case of telephone poles on city streets "bleeding" may be a source of considerable annoyance. The Forest Products Laboratories of Canada, Forest Service, Department of the Interior, are investigating this problem, and at present have a large number of poles under observation. These were treated under pressure by several different methods, and it is hoped to be able from these experiments to determine the treatment most effective in preventing "bleeding."

It Will Relieve A Cold.—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious conditions. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation quickly and thoroughly and will strengthen them against subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will usually stop the cough because it allays the irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

Starts Air Ferry Service

Air ferry service will connect the Isle of Wight with the mainland of England beginning this summer. Multi-engined planes will be used, and the trip will take only seven minutes. The airports will be at Ryde, Isle of Wight, and Portsmouth, England, and connections will also be made with London. International air and rail tickets will be supplied.

World war widows in Europe have married again at an average rate of 1,000 per year.

Many New Lines Of Inquiry Have Brought To Light Curious Facts About The Honey Bee

Among the many new lines of inquiry which are now being followed at Rothamsted, the oldest and best agricultural station in the world, is the life of the bee; and some very curious facts have been, if not actually discovered, at any rate noted and elucidated.

The bee in every hive enjoys progressive employment. They begin as housemaids, they are promoted to be waitresses and conductors of housekeepers, or at any rate as caterers. The system works very smoothly up to a point; as long as the provisions follow at decent intervals, all goes smoothly; the bees in at peace within their walls and most service has no let or hindrance. Trouble arises in appearance only when the upper rooms are filled and promotion is blocked. Unrest becomes general, havoc is threatened. The rulers reach the apex of the queen. Perhaps she realizes that rival queens are being bred, it may be in numbers. So she decides to make the best of things, and seek a new kingdom. She collects an army, leaves the hive, swarms and takes her company to the new home that special planners have already been sent out to discover.

The early swarm is singularly uniform. First they hang about the comb from which they emerged, and spend their time in rather a busy and desultory manner—in cleaning out the cells and making them fit for further use. As their nest and capacity increases and the instinct for flight in the open air develops, they advance to the work of feeding the queen. As a rule they devote themselves chiefly to the care of the older queen when first taking up the new duties, not attending to the younger till later in their career. As the year advances each working bee becomes a Matron, she devotes herself to the care of honey, to the making of cells and the collection of the nectar.

Now happens the time when the hive is not big enough to hold more comb, more honey; or suppose the season is so unfavorable as to interfere with the storing; the surplus stores or honey breaks down. Promotion, as I have said, is blocked. An old British philosopher used to say that reason is developed along the line of conflicting instincts. Bees do not presumably arrive at reason, but when the instinct for progressive work is checked they are driven to a new activity. It is at such crisis in the life of the hive that the large cells are built and grubs speedily fed for the creation of queens. It is in face of this fact that the old queen—not one of the younger products—nurses new migratory desires and inspires the company with a like zeal. It is now established that she has taken with her rather more of the younger than the old bees, though her army is fairly representative, and the new queen is believed to approximate the original swarm in number.—the *Western Beech Tribune*, in the *London Spectator*.

A Savage Practice

Clifford Fugate, How Not Yet Learned To Be Quiet

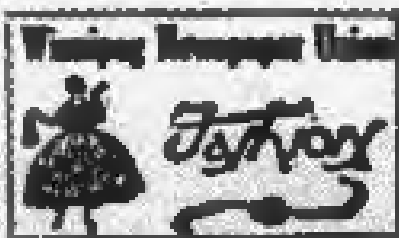
In his description of the "Deserted Village," Goldsmith refers to "the loud laugh that splits the vacant air." When the poet painted that how there were no motor-cars rattling about the town, sending the air with piercing, nerve-racking sounds when forced to carry a few seconds of some busy conversation, such a concert of din was sold by the psychologists to be a sign of weak mentality.

Making a noise seems to be a savage practice, and with all our civilization we have not advanced greatly as far as himself is concerned. We have not learned the art of keeping still. We must be producing a clamor at all events. Perhaps the time will come when we shall grow tired of our noise and look upon it as an offense to public decency. Then there we live who used to be patient and hope that the wisdom of the noisy may improve.

Poultry Mathematics

Average Cost Of Egg Production For One Pigeon Nest

Under current conditions it takes 57.3 eggs to pay for the cost of feed for a pigeon during the period year. Eggs supplied by the Dominion Experimental Station at Comberville, Quebec, show. As this figure is arrived at from an average of twelve years' results it is of more than ordinary interest. The number of eggs required to pay the cost of feed per bird varies, of course, with prevailing market prices from year to year. During the period of the report it has ranged from as low as 39 eggs in 1922 to a peak of 69 in 1926, while it took 51 to pay the feed cost in 1931. It is also interesting to note that the same cost study shows that an average of 13 eggs is collected to pay the cost of feed per bird during the winter months only.



By Ruth Rogers



A WHITE SQUARE COLLAR THAT YOUTHFULLY BRIGHTENS A BLACK CLOTH SILE DRESS

The round yoke and pulled sleeves do even more. They lend that most telling influence so important this season.

You'll agree it's admirably smart. Won't you?

And note the youthful look. It will cost you a very small sum to make it.

German-rod rough crops silk with black trim, grey with brown and purple with fuchsia-red are among combinations.

Style No. 505 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 22, 24 and 26 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 3 1/2 yards 28-inch with 1/2 yard 20-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winning Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size

Name

Form

Lesson In Bad Luck

Queer Things Would Happen If President Roosevelt Died

A writer in the *London Morning Post* tells this story—I met a man today who has just been negotiating for the acquisition of some property in Bond Street. He told me that when he examined the draft lease he discovered to his astonishment that one of the clauses provided that he should give an undertaking to allow the freeholders of Westminster to drive their trucks and bays over the property "without let or hindrance." "Without let or hindrance," I understood, was to be found in the lease of many of the properties in the neighborhood. It would be interesting to see what would happen if one of the freeholders of Westminster decided to exercise his right. The spectacle of some elderly peer attempting to drive a truck of rubbish down through the front door of a Bond Street house would scarcely fail to be a diverting one.

What Insects Eat

Some Are Parasitic and Others Will Eat Anything

Grasshoppers are voracious, but not almost anything that is vegetable; walking-sticks and crickets are as universal in their tastes as are cockroaches; that word insect, the praying mantis, is an insect-eater, but will eat any insect—even his own mate. The solitary wasps, that provide for their young by leaving a sting-stained victim in the cell with each egg, are also specialists in assassination, though here again we find dragons. Bees will take nothing but spiders, others provision their nurseries only with smooth caterpillars. One species builds harpnet to capture ants. But there are plenty of wasps that will attack and drag home a wide variety of insects for larva-food.—*London Times*.

These Poets Are Not

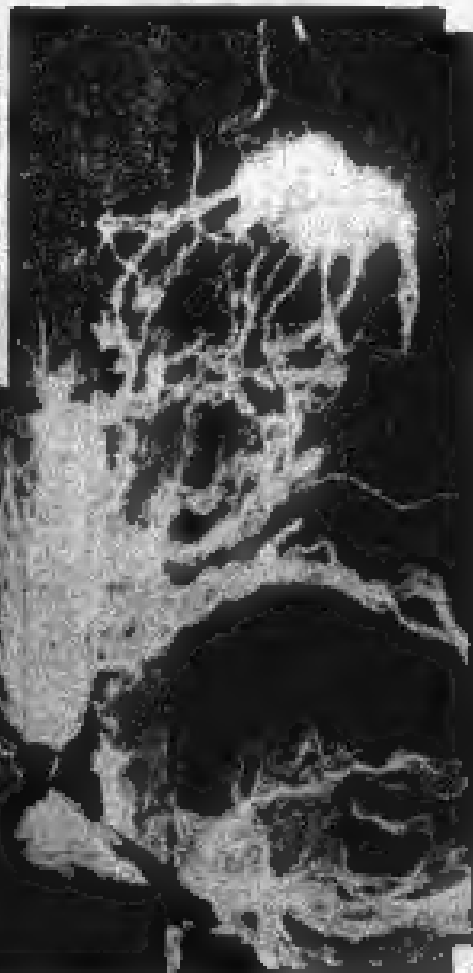
A plover of steaming water, hot enough to boil eggs-on-the-cup, has broken through the earth at San Juan Capatzen, a village on Lake Chapala, in the state of Jalisco, Mexico. Two streams are flowing into the lake from the new pool. There are similar pools about the lake which generate heat at times, and then gradually cool off and run dry. The district is subject to frequent earthquakes.—*World-Wide News Service*.

Producer of new musical play (in conductor of orchestra)—That's for too loud.

Conductor—But it calls for forte.

Producer—Never mind that. Make it so.

CANCER TREATED BY VIBRO-SONICITY



Above is the apparatus used in the most sensational experiment in the history of science, which was conducted recently in Berlin. The machine generates the synthetic thunderbolt with which scientists sent an electrical charge of 2,500,000 volts through the cancerous tumor of a 58-year-old female, in an attempt to cure the disease. The fact that the subject of the "kill or cure" experiment still lives gives scientists hope for their success. (Note is Dr. Fritz Lange, who developed the apparatus, used for splitting atoms, which made the experiment possible.)

Causes For Low Prices For Grain Are Reviewed By Prominent Western Grain Expert

Century in general terms, the wheat exporting countries of the world, Canada, United States, Argentina, Australia, Russia, the Balkan States, India, etc., have not grown more wheat this last crop season than the world usually requires to purchase," said Major H. J. L. Strang, director of the research department of the Royal Grain Commission.

"The price of wheat," continued Major Strang, "has seriously declined. Why? The simple reason is that the main importing countries, Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, Italy, etc., have enjoyed a bumper yield per acre than ever has been recorded in their wheat crop history. This extra yield per acre has amounted to the enormous quantity of 105,000,000 bushels more than they would have produced, had they had only an average crop. This means that they will require to buy considerably less wheat from the exporting countries."

"Last importing year, these and other importing countries purchased 770,000,000 bushels of wheat. The extra bumper crop they have produced this year means they will purchase probably less than 700,000,000 bushels. The balance between the 70,000,000 and the 105,000,000 extra bushels they have produced, will either be fed to stock, used for extra consumption of bread per capita, in the displacement of rye and barley, or put into stores, as larger reserves for the future. This is the simple and outstanding reason for the decline of prices this last year. Unsettledness of war debt payments unquestionably have been a reason, too, but probably only in a minor degree, compared to the large European wheat crop."

"The bright ray for the export wheat grower in the situation is, that this particular surplus this year is not the result of increased acreage, but only because of fortunate climatic conditions. It would be an extraordinary coincidence and quite unprecedented if anything like the same high yield per acre should occur again next year."

"Canada," continued Major Strang, "is making enormous sales of wheat this year. Last crop exporting year between August 1 and December 1, 1931, Canada sold approximately 35 per cent of the world export wheat sales during that time. This year, during the same period Canada has sold approximately 40 per cent, of the world's export wheat sales, or, more

where that of the rest of the exporting countries put together, and more than twice as much as Canada sold last year during the same period. It would not appear from this as though the state of inflation or otherwise of any country's currency has anything to do with at least the amount of wheat that is being sold."

"There does not seem to be any reason to suppose that the low purchasing power of European importing countries has amounted to any appreciable degree the amount of wheat they have purchased. The reason probably is that wheat and bread is the cheapest food, and that low purchasing power has curtailed their consumption of more expensive foods, butter, eggs, beans, meat, etc."

"Indeed, *Argos* recently compiled and published by our research department," said Major Strang, "indicates that during this time of depression the world is certainly not consuming any less cereal food per capita than it did during the boom times of prosperity. China, for instance, as an illustration, is consuming more wheat and rice per capita, for its 400,000,000 people than Canada is consuming wheat per capita for its 30,000,000."

"There is much talk of reduction of acreage, so as to cut up the 200,000,000 bushels of wheat surplus in the world that is depressing the wheat market. From my own study, I am of the opinion, for what it may be worth, that the farmers in Australia, Argentina and the United States can much better, and with less loss to themselves, change from wheat production to the production of raw materials and animal products, than can the Canadian wheat grower, for the simple reason that in the United States they have an enormous home market for these home products, and when European purchasing power slightly increases, there will be a substantially increased demand for Argentine beef, Australian station and home and Australian wool, products with which the Canadian farmer, particularly our wheat growers, will find it almost impossible to compete. Our real business seems to be the producing of wheat, which we can do better and of higher quality than any other country in the world."

"Therefore I see no reason why we should reduce our wheat acreage in Canada, and time will certainly bring back a price for wheat that will be better than the cost of production."

Fewer Cars Are Used

Many Canadian Put Old Run Away During Hard Times

Canadians operated 1,001,300 motor vehicles in the first nine months of this year, one for each 10 persons, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reported recently. This was a decrease of 7.5 per cent. from last year. Gasoline sales dropped 18 per cent. in the same period.

Motor vehicle figures for Manitoba and Alberta were unavailable for the nine-month period to 1931 and the total for last year was used. New Brunswick had no figures for 1932 or 1931.

The following is the number of motor vehicles in use in the provinces with the decrease from last year in brackets: Prince Edward Island, 6,978 (18.2 per cent.); Nova Scotia, 20,727 (8.5 per cent.); Quebec, 162,817 (7 per cent.); Ontario, 517,176 (5.4 per cent.); Manitoba, 54,389 (13.2 per cent.); Saskatchewan, 40,265 (15.7 per cent.); Alberta, 53,953 (21.6 per cent.); and British Columbia, 66,525 (8.5 per cent.).

Changes By The Winds

One barber at Missa, Mich., is shopping by the minute for haircuts, as the result of a new hair rule is one cut for each minute the customer spends in the chair and he said that persons without too much hair to come off were paying as little as a dime.

A shoe manufacturer of Quebec, Canada, has opened 48 retail stores in Poland.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Alberta's sugar beet crop for 1935 is expected to yield nearly 20,000,000 pounds of sugar, a new record for the province.

Both houses of the Panama legislature approved the bill ratifying the agreement signed with the United Kingdom during the Imperial Conference at Ottawa.

President by 1944 for the Philippine Islands was voted by the United States Senate in the face of warnings that President Hoover would veto the legislation.

Canada supplied 51.2 per cent. of United Kingdom imports of wheat during the month of October, 1935, or 11,994,629 bushels out of a total of 23,422,449 bushels.

Miss Agnes MacPhail, Progressive member of House of Commons for South West Grey, will address the United Farmers of Alberta Convention at Calgary late in January.

Due to the fact that Easter falls much later in 1935 than it did in 1932, the next session of the Ontario legislature may not be called until late in February, Premier George S. Henry has indicated.

Dr. W. W. Yen, head of the Chinese delegation at Geneva, who played a part in the resumption of diplomatic relations between Russia and China, has been named Chinese ambassador to Moscow.

The New Zealand Government has decided to re-assess its liability in connection with war debt payments to Great Britain, which were suspended last year by the Hoover administration on inter-governmental debts.

Unofficial, but reliable reports obtained at Ottawa, are to the effect that the world economic conference will be held in April. It is understood that world powers have agreed to this date.

About forty per cent. of Germany's foreign obligations is held in the United States, the remainder being distributed among several countries. Her total foreign indebtedness is \$4,312,990,000.

Chris Khury Vance, 26, veteran air mail pilot, rode to a flaming death against the summit of Rocky Ridge, four miles west of Danville, California. His body was found in the charred wreckage of his "plane."

Question Is Unique

Montreal Court Must Decide If Widow Is Unmarried Woman

"Is a widow an unmarried woman?" is contemplated by the Child Welfare Act. This interesting question will shortly be argued in the court of appeal, where the matter was carried from a judgment of Mr. Justice Adamson, who said she was not.

Annie Hawrysh, 34y Lake, Man., made claim to certain relief on which an "unmarried woman" would be entitled under the act. Actually she is a widow. The case came before F. A. E. Hamilton, sitting as a magistrate, but before the argument got fairly advanced counsel for the defendant raised the objection that the magistrate had no jurisdiction because the claimant was a widow.

A prohibition order was granted by Mr. Justice Adamson restraining the magistrate from proceeding further. From that decision an appeal is now pending.

Some Lingoes

A tourist agency inserted an advertisement for a guide who was required to escort parties abroad. A hard-up young man, who desired an easy position applied and was given an interview.

"Good morning," said the agency official, "Parlez-vous Français?"

"—er—yes, pardon?"

"Parlez-vous Français?"

"—Ah—frightfully sorry, but I don't quite catch."

"Do you speak French?"

The young man smiled easily.

"Oh, yes," he said, "fluently."

A rubber company recently built its \$20,000,000 tire. Of course the directors celebrated the occasion with a banquet.

W. K. U. 3074

Radio Sets in Canada

An Average Of 14 For Each Thousand Of Population

Canadian owned 178,486 radio sets in 1931, an average of 14 for each thousand of population, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports. There were 46 sets for each thousand people in rural centres, 89 in the cities.

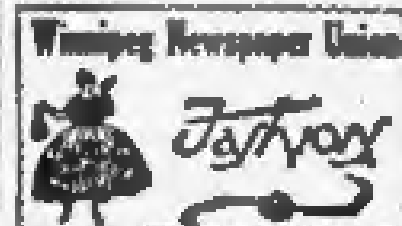
Ontario with 186 had all provinces in the number of sets per thousand of population. British Columbia with 96; Manitoba, 70; Alberta, 61; Saskatchewan, 59; Quebec, 52; Nova Scotia, 45; New Brunswick, 39; Prince Edward Island, 35; and Yukon, 11.

Compared to its population, Forest Hill, Ont., a suburb of Toronto, has the largest number of radio sets, followed by Medicine Hat, Alberta; London, Ontario; Hamilton, Ontario; Windsor, Ontario; Brantford, Ontario; and Victoria, B.C.

Here's a Suggestion

To Increase Circulating Credit Of Canada By Millions

Suggestion for saving the country: If every Canadian were to give another Canadian, for a Christmas present, an I.O.U. for ten dollars payable at Christmas next year, the circulating credit of the country would be increased by one hundred million dollars, at no expense to anybody. If every Canadian gave ten other Canadians, etc., etc., it would be increased by a billion dollars. And if every Canadian gave every other Canadian—just where's the use?—Toronto Saturday Night.



By Ruth Rogers



WHAT WEE PERSON WOULDN'T ADORE THESE DARLING ONE-PIECE PAJAMAS?

A happy wee model that will please the most fastidious little miss.

It is one-piece all the front with drop seat back. Don't you think the Peter Pan collar and little pocket cute?

It is the most simple garment to put together. You can make it of a good quality fabric for a very small sum.

Striped flannel is darling in pale to dark blue tones. Flannellette in pretty floral or gay dots is another nice scheme. Kindergarten prints in flannels or cotton are amusing.

Style No. 785 is designed for sizes 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. Size 4 requires 2 yards of 36-inch material with 2 yards of ruffling.

Price of patterns 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Team

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 1

JOHN PREPARE THE WAY FOR JESUS

Golden Text: "Make ye ready the way of the Lord. Make His paths straight."—Mark 1:3.

Lesson: MARK 1:1-11.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 40:3-11.

Explanations and Comments

The Appearance and Preaching Of John the Baptist, the Forerunner Of Jesus, verses 2-8.—Note that verses 2-4 are one sentence: Even as it is written, John came. The prophet Malachi had cried (2:1): "Behold, I send my messenger, he shall prepare the way for Me," and Isaiah had declared (40:3): "The voice of one that crieth, 'Prepare ye in the wilderness the way of Jehovah, make level in the desert a highway for our God.'" Isaiah called upon the rulers of Babylon to prepare a highway for God; Mark applies his words to John the Baptist, who was in truth, the "voice crying in the wilderness." Verse two is applied by Jesus Himself to John in Matthew 11:10 and Luke 7:27.

"We all know that the Romans were mighty road-builders. We have all heard of that golden milestone from which all the more important roads throughout the empire started. The Roman road had above all things else the quality of directness. It went straight towards its goal. The old road-builder did not trouble himself much about the cost of his highways. Whatever the cost, he made roads as straight as possible. It is with singular felicity, then, that Mark uses a quotation from the Old Testament concerning road-building when he is writing to Roman readers. The message of John the Baptist made for the teaching of Jesus: a straight road. John cut through the obstacles in the popular mind which otherwise would have blocked the coming of the truth of the Son of God."—Francis J. McConnell.

"John was a voice; he got a hearing. Many a man starts out to be a real voice and ends by being a mere whisper, just because he gets to hearing the opinions of Pharisees and Sadducees—the great people of his day. John dared to strike at those people with the same directness with which he struck at the soldiers and the tax-gatherers."—Francis J. McConnell.

How China Does It

Authorities Take Easy Way To Find "Lost" Articles

Anyone who has visited the east knows how really property gets "lost." Lord Lytton discovered this when he was in China recently. But, being chairman of the Manchurian commission his property was speedily returned.

Lord Lytton lost his walking-stick. When he complained about it the Chinese authorities promptly put under lock and key every one of the carriers who had charge of his property, with the result that within two days a corkie brought in the stick and said he had "found" it.

Eight Islands In Group

The Hawaiian Islands number eight. They are: Hawaii, Maui, Molokai, Lanai, Oahu, Kauai and Niihau. There are several other rocky islets in the group which are not recognized as islands.

National Art Gallery

Curators In Study That Forerunner Was Born Before

Charles Comfort, former Winnipeg painter is among the 11 prominent Toronto artists who published a purported refutation of contentions by 118 other Canadian artists that the national gallery of Canada at Ottawa had shown favoritism to a restricted group in the selection of pictures for exhibition and purchase.

The 118 artists, all painters, sent a petition to Prime Minister R. B. Bennett asking an investigation of the gallery's affairs and saying they would boycott the institution until the investigation was held.

In their defense of the gallery, the 11 Toronto artists, some painters, some sculptors, two of them members of the Royal Canadian Academy and two members of the Group of Seven, contend the 118 petitioners do not represent the majority opinion of Canadian artists.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

COCONUT CREAM PUMPKIN

3 cups sifted flour.
2 teaspoons baking powder.
1 teaspoon salt.
1 cup sugar.
2 eggs, well beaten.
1 cup heavy cream.

1/2 cup coconut, premium brand. Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and mix again. Add sugar gradually to eggs. Add flour, alternately with cream, mixing well. Add coconut. Chill. Roll 1/4 inch thick on slightly floured board. Dredge with sugar. Cut with large round cutter. Bake in hot oven (425 degrees Fahrenheit) 12 to 15 minutes. Makes 2 dozen 3 1/2 inch cakes.

LEMON CREAM JUNKET WITH CHAMBERLAIN

1 package lemon junket powder.
1/2 pint milk.
1/2 pint light cream.
1 cup cranberries.
1/2 cup water.
1/2 cup sugar.

To make cranberry sauce: Boil sugar and water together 5 minutes. Add cranberries and boil without stirring until all the skins pop open (about 5 minutes). Remove from stove, and allow sauce to cool.

To make junket: Prepare according to directions on package, using 1/2 pint milk and 1/2 pint cream instead of 1 pint of milk. Chill in refrigerator. Immediately after the junket sets, or when ready to serve, put 1 tablespoon of cranberry sauce on each dish of junket.

French angel fish, one of the most beautiful residents of the deep, can live but a month in captivity.

Photographs can be cleaned by wiping lightly with a piece of old linen dipped in warm ammonia water.

Fruit Growing In Western Canada

Success Attained In Growing Apples On the Prairies

According to the Hon. Jas. F. Bennett, K.C., who is in charge of the Saskatchewan Government fruit growing campaign, a great deal of interest is being taken by farmers and particularly by their wives, in the prospects of growing fruit on their own farms, and many inquiries are being made by those who are following the Government lead in the matter and are desirous of establishing an orchard of their own without further delay.

A great deal of success has been achieved in the growing of crab-apples, plums and the smaller fruits in many parts of Western Canada, and good results have already been obtained in growing standard apples in certain locations in Saskatchewan.

In 1937, Experimental Farms were established by the Federal Government at Brandon, Manitoba, and Indian Head, Saskatchewan. During the next eight or ten years more than two hundred of the hardiest sorts of cultivated apples, obtainable in northern Europe and northern Asia, were planted out and tested under varying conditions but in no case were any fruits produced.

In 1937 seed was obtained from the Imperial Botanical Gardens, St. Petersburg, Russia, of a small wild Siberian crabapple, known as the "Berried Crab" or "Pyrae Baccata." Trees raised from these seeds proved hardy in Saskatchewan and did not winter kill. Efforts were then made to improve the size and quality of the fruit by cross-fertilizing the flowers of the "Pyrae Baccata" with pollen from many of the hardiest and best sorts of apples grown in Ontario. Trees raised from seeds produced from these crosses fruited and produced a half sized hardy apple about half way in size between a crabapple and a standard apple. A further cross produced a three-quarter sized apple that was perfectly hardy and hundreds of these cross breeding experiments have been carried out.

In March, 1911, over twenty-one years ago, William Saunders, Director of Dominion Experimental Farms, sent a letter to the Minister of Agriculture:

"Already many useful varieties of cross-bred apples have been produced, and the indications are that improvements in the size and quality of the fruit will be more rapid in the future than they have been in the past. The large number of second crosses now under trial will, it is expected, furnish material among which suitable sorts may be found which will prove of commercial value in most of the colder parts of Canada."

The expected improvement has taken place. In addition a great deal of success has been obtained by grafting standard apple wood on Siberian crab root stock. For nearly twenty-five years, such pioneer fruit growers as Dr. Hunt of Indian Head, N. S. and Dr. MacNeil of Maple Creek, and others have been raising standard apples in Saskatchewan.

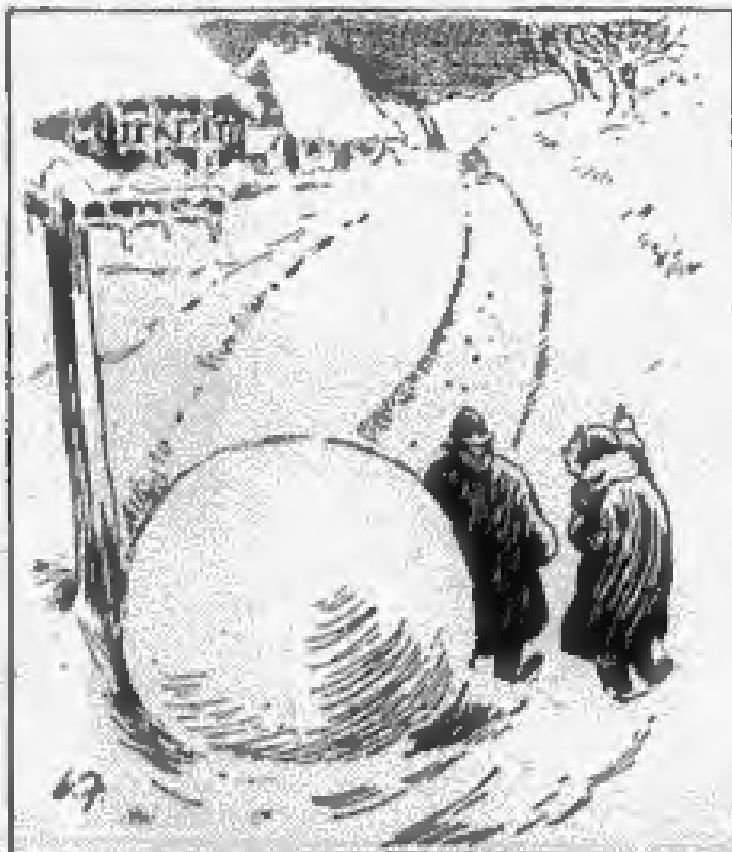
A few days ago I received a letter from Frank Boskill, a farmer at Rutland, Saskatchewan, which testified that on his farm over two hundred miles north of the International Boundary and near the western boundary of the province, he had grown fruit successfully. Mr. Boskill wrote of this year's crop, in his orchard of about two acres:

"We kept account as we sold the fruit from the trees at the following prices: 50 cents a pair for crab, 65 cents a pair for hybrid plums, and 25 cents a pair for native plums. The book-keeping stopped at 1,554 pounds when we started thrashing, and I think there was really 1,000 pounds sold after that besides what we used. Visitors seemed to get quite a kick out of picking the fruit and orders for plums were still coming in long after they had all been picked. Other years we charged one dollar a pair for plums, so it can be easily seen if these were normal, there would be money in fruit growing here."

"We had wealthy apples 3 1/2 inches in diameter, and redder than I ever saw the apple anywhere else. The green striped apple the Doc sent you was a Hibernal and some of these were about as large. The Yellow Transparent is a good one too but the rest would not be much over two inches in diameter. It looks like last few years almost like we could bank on standard apples but I believe the seedling Russian apples will prove a good thing when we get a last winter. I also believe a little extra water at just the right time will help."

Here is an example of around two tons and a half of fruit grown on a little over a two acre orchard in north central Saskatchewan.

I asked Dr. MacNeil, Superintendent of the Saskatchewan Medical Hospital to visit the Boskill farm with his head gardener. He did so and speaking of the new orchard on the Rutland Institutional Farm, he said: "You supply us the material. We will supply the enthusiasm."



POLICEMAN: "What's that, madam? This has rolled right down the hill with your Christmas parcels inside!"

AGITATED LADY: "Yes, and my husband's inside with them, too!"—The Humorist, London.

U. S. PROCEEDS TO REVIEW THE DEBT PROBLEM

Washington. — President Hoover went ahead on his own responsibility to organize a commission to review the war debts, after apparently receiving from President-elect Franklin D. Roosevelt a refusal of his invitation to participate.

Lengthy conferences between the president and Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson and Secretary of the Treasury Ogden Mills led to speculation that these two cabinet members might serve on the debt agency.

Stimson heads the American arm delegation and Mr. Hoover is insistent upon making the arrangement question with the debt study. American experts in the forthcoming economic parity also were called into the administration meetings of the day.

Delicate, concrete result from the disarmament and economic conferences in the objective of the president in entering the negotiations destined to result in relief for the European war debtors.

At his home in Albany, Governor Roosevelt maintained a strict silence on Mr. Hoover's suggestion that he co-operate in forming the debt commission machinery, but his friends there and here were convinced his answer already was at the White House.

Paris, France. — Official French opinion fails to find in President Hoover's message to Congress satisfying indications that the French plan for a general examination of the debt will be accepted by the United States.

This view was expressed after perusal of the complete text of the message. A French spokesman said he apprehended that the existing situation is not of a nature to induce the Chamber of Deputies to shift from its attitude of postponement of the December interest payment.

Officials find hopeful signs in the Hoover message that he sees eye to eye with the French Government upon the necessity of treating the debt problem from a broad standpoint of economics. However, the underlying idea of the French plan is its international scope.

Facial Mesmerism

Empire Building To Be Shrouded In Smoke To Show Party

Rome, Italy. — The Fascist state will dwell with its past in a monumental building to be erected in the new Street of the Empire. Leading Fascist architects have been invited to submit plans for the edifice. It will house the Fascist party headquarters and a museum for recording the history of the movement, now 10 years old.

Empire Street is a broad avenue leading from Il Duce's fortress-like palace in the Piazza Venezia to the 2,000-year-old coliseum.

Pay For Railway Men

Montreal, Que. — The entire membership of the railroad running trades from coast to coast, numbering some 25,000 men, are now reviewing the question of continuing the present 10 per cent reduction in pay for another year, as proposed by the railroads. Their decision will be made known at a general meeting to be held here after the New Year.

Radicals From Canada

Paris, France. — It was announced here that arrangements have been made to furnish Madame Curie, discoverer of the radium treatment for cancer, with supplies of radium from Canada. Madame Curie has been handicapped in her research of recent years by inadequate supplies.

Stomach Service To North

Vancouver, B.C. — A stomachic service by which supplies will be carried from Vancouver to within 100 miles of the Great Bear Lake mining district, will be established next summer, it was stated by Col. J. K. Cornwall, northern explorer, in an address here recently.

Wheat Preference

Question Not Settled Regarding Wheat Shipped In Bond Through United States Ports

London, Eng. — The vexed question of whether Canadian wheat shipped in bond through the United States to the British market is eligible for the preference of six cents a bushel decided on at the Imperial Conference, will probably remain unsettled until near the end of the month.

It was intimated that no decision on the now famous test shipment sent on the liner "Laconia" could be expected before Prime Minister R. B. Bennett returns to Canada from his visit here. He is expected at Ottawa around Dec. 26.

But while the British customs authorities remain silent on the ruling that is to be made on the "Laconia" shipment—a ruling that will be of far-reaching importance in its effect on the future channels of Canadian wheat shipment—it was learned the general impression in interested quarters here was the wheat would get the preference.

The "Laconia" wheat was shipped from Port William by the Reliance Grain Company, through Buffalo and New York to Liverpool, accompanied by documents stating it had passed through the United States in bond and was consigned to a Liverpool importing firm. The hotel arriving here that it would get the imperial preference was directly counter to unofficial reports already received by Canadian grain trade experts, who are said to have been advised the shipment would not receive the preference because of inadequate documentary evidence accompanying it.

It is stressed there is no authority for statements, as yet, as to whether the "Laconia" wheat will or not receive the preference. Canadian government heads point out the question is entirely one for the British authorities to interpret and it was uncertain what point prompted the understanding that the ruling would be deferred until Prime Minister Bennett returns to Canada.

Unsubstantiated Of India

Poona, India. — The Maharaja, Gandhi told a delegation of unattached who visited him in Yeroda jail: "If it is in my power, I shall certainly incorporate the question of the removal of unattachability as one of the fundamental rights in the new constitution of India. It should be a criminal offence for any Hindu to be treated as unattachable (the lowest caste)."

Will Name Commission

London, Eng. — The committee to study methods which will further the plan of economic co-operation between the countries of the British Empire will be constituted shortly. The announcement was made in the House of Commons by J. M. Thomas, secretary for the Dominions, who declared he had discussed the project with Prime Minister R. B. Bennett last week.

Ask 10-Day Month

Winnipeg, Man. — More than 20,000 unemployed men in the railway-running trades have forwarded a petition to the federal government asking that employed railway men of Canada be restricted "during this depression" to 30 days of work per month, leaving it possible for many of the unemployed to be taken on again.

Ship Subsidies

London, Eng. — "Ship subsidies" with which it is alleged the United States Government favored United States shipping were attacked by Sir Alan Anderson, chairman of the Orient Line, at the company's annual meeting here. He estimated the subsidies at \$400,000,000 during the past 10 years.

Five-Day Work Week

Toronto, Ont. — Newspaper printers here intimate they would apply for a court injunction against any move to put into force here the five-day week, reported from Indianapolis as overwhelmingly voted by the International Typographical Union.

Income tax returns were filed by 215,516 persons in India in the last fiscal year.

HAY RICHARD MILLER



Lawrence Lowell, former President of Harvard University, may replace Andrew Mellon, United States Ambassador to Great Britain, when Mr. Roosevelt becomes President. Mr. Lowell, who retired from the presidency of Harvard recently, has been a close friend of the President-elect for more than twenty-five years.

For Cancer Sufferers

Only British Refinery In British Empire To Open At Port Hope

Port Hope, Ont. — Thousands of cancer sufferers may look with renewed hope to a humble factory in this quiet Lake Ontario town. Opening a new chapter in Canada's crowded industrial history, the only radium refinery in the British Empire will be operating within 10 days, and its product will go to all parts of the world.

Made from Canadian ore, shipped by Canadian airways to the all-Canadian plant here, the radium will prove Canada's challenge to the Belgian syndicate which now controls the world's supply of radium. If present plans materialize, the radium will be so cheaply and efficiently produced that its price will be lowered. Even the poorest cancer patient will ultimately be able to afford the radium treatments which have proved the most efficient in the treatment of the dread disease.

Battle Of Bullets

Since Policemen Killed In Chicago In 1928 and Thirty-Sixty Deaths

Chicago. — Although nine of their own number were killed in action this year police today counted 27 criminals slain during 1928 in combats with Chicago officers of the law.

Lined in the police classification of bandits who fell mortally wounded under police gun fire were 10 bandits, nine burglars and automobile thieves and nine men who resisted officers.

In addition police said 25 other criminals were killed by citizens and private police.

Want Slice Of Canada

Suggestion For Sale Noted In House From Across the Line

Washington. — Another suggestion of settlement of war debts came to Senator Reed Smoot, of Utah, recently in a letter proposing that the United States take over part of Canada or some other British territory near the country.

Frederic W. Goodenough, of Brooklyn, N.Y., wrote the chairman of the senate finance committee:

"Why, in all the discussion regarding Great Britain's debt to us, do we hear so little about making a settlement in kind?"

"To the north of us lie Canada, Newfoundland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, while to the east lie Bermuda and the British West Indies."

"Expansion through purchase is a well-tried American precedent."

"Many of our hard-pressed citizens would probably flock into such new territory."

West Meets Obligations

Western Provinces Better Pledged Indebtedness During December

New York. — Canadian provinces returned \$10,873,000 of funded indebtedness payable in United States gold coin in December, according to the Dominion Securities Corporation. The bulk of these payments consisted of \$1,165,000 Province of Manitoba four per cent bonds and \$4,815,000 Province of British Columbia four per cent notes, both retired Dec. 25. Since about \$1,000,000 of this total was refunded in New York, the effect has been a net reduction in the U.S. dollar obligations of these two provinces of \$7,873,000. Other maturities paid off add \$700,000 to this figure.

The financial requirements of Canadian governments and corporations this year have been taken care of to a large extent through sale of internal issues in contrast to the large amounts borrowed in the New York markets in previous years.

For Federal Post

Toronto, Ont. — Dr. W. J. Bell, Ontario Deputy Minister of Health, is shortly to retire to become Deputy Minister of Pensions and National Health at Ottawa, according to a Queen's Park rumor. The Toronto Telegram states: "Hon. Dr. J. M. Robb, Minister of Health, is in the north country and an definite confirmation could be obtained."

Fall In Pensions

Shelton, N.D. — It was a lead off his mind to say nothing of his arm, said E. E. Good, Shelton dairyman, as he deposited a 32½ pound bundle in the Ramsey county. "Here's my personal property tax payment—count it," Good told officials. They did—all afternoon. There were 4,000 pounds. Good said he'd been saving the coppers for three months.

AMEND GRAIN ACT RESPECTING GARNET WHEAT

Ontario, Ont. — An amendment to the Grain Act will be introduced, when parliament re-assembles, providing for the separate grading and binning of Garnet wheat.

Next year the bill is to be passed through and separate binning and grading of Garnet wheat will become effective, according to present intentions, at the close of the crop year, next July 25.

The reason for the amendment is given here as follows:

Garnet wheat is good wheat but differs in milling quality from other grades of wheat. When mixed in with these wheats, the foreign market is presented with a Canadian product that will not sell easily. This is held to affect Canadian prices and Canadian market advantage. By grading and binning Garnet separately, the market for other wheats, it is believed, will be improved both as to volume and price. At the same time Garnet will command a good market on its own. The government may assist in marketing the Garnet crop in the early years of separate binning by spending money in Europe advertising its quality.

Whether or not the amendment will contain other sections is not yet certain. There has been trouble at Montreal in regard to the certification of United States wheat, and something may be attempted to straighten out this problem.

Refuse To Pay Exchange

Calgary City Council Will Pay New York Substantive In Canadian Funds

Calgary, Alberta. — Accepting the recommendation of the finance committee, city council voted to default the exchange charges in making payments on maturing debentures in New York, January 1, totalling \$1,000,000. The payment will be made in Canadian funds but the exchange charges of approximately \$200,000 will be ignored.

By vote of eight to two, council upheld the actions of Mayor Andy Dawson and the finance committee in holding for gold from the Dominion government at par to meet the payment, thus avoiding exchange charges. With the gold refused, and despite protests from financial circles, the aldermen decided to refuse to meet the adverse-exchange difference in Canadian and United States funds.

As the situation now stands, the city will offer to meet the debenture loan payments, both principal and accrued interest, in Canadian dollars. Any requests from bondholders for payments in United States funds will be rejected.

Push Speaking Word

London, Eng. — Establishing long distance flight records is hard work but Amy Johnson thinks speaking to an audience of men is considerably harder. Amy was told at a luncheon of men distinguished in British aviation circles. She listened in attention in which aeronautical experts probed her feet of setting a new record of seven days and seven hours for the flight between Cape Town and London.

Lloyd George Is a Farmer

Ottawa, Eng. — Lloyd George, appearing before a common agricultural committee in the role of a "poor harvest farmer," said he believed that what the nation needed was "a long spell and a deep drought of honest country air." The war-time premier then declared: "I am not in favor of imperiling the security of our shores, but in agriculture I am all for permanent."

Send To Peace River

Vancouver, B.C. — Construction of a trail and eventually a road over the mountains into the Peace River country, leaving natural development of lands to take care of an ultimate railway, is the solution offered by Col. J. E. Cornwall, pioneer northerner, for the Peace River transportation problem.



Lady Henry Astor, member of the British House of Commons, now on a visit to the United States, is shown with Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of the President-elect, as they attended a dinner of the National Women's League in New York. Lady Astor later led a Community Day Song for charity.

Stony Plain Sun.
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Good Resolution Number One

While there is bound to be a natural regret that the passing of the old year finds most of us with a lot of uncompleted plans and unrealized ambitions, there also comes a pleasant consolation that our labors and endeavors have not been entirely unrewarded.

We are richer by the experience—perhaps a bit more broad-minded—perhaps a little wiser.

It seems such a short time since last New Year's Day when we started out with high hopes and ambitions, and now another New Year's Day is almost upon us.

Life is so full of pleasant tasks, and friendly associations, the duties of the day come so thick and fast, the opportunities for helpfulness and service are so many that the days slip rapidly past and before we have realized it the relentless wheel of time has completed another revolution.

We are glad that another new year is about to arrive. It gives an opportunity to express our appreciation of the kindness of our many friends.

When we retrospect over the past year's business, in which your co-operation played so important a part. We are also reminded that some obligation is laid upon us to carry on to greater achievements and more fully deserve your confidence and respect.

Making It Easier to Pay Tax Arrears.

As an outcome of a conference held last week by promoters from the prairie provinces, legislation will be introduced in the next sessions of the legislatures of these provinces, providing for the payment of arrears of taxes to be spread over a period of six years, with the instalments lighter in the earlier years and scaling up on higher percentages in the later years of the period.

The plan is based in general, Hon R G Reid, minister of municipal affairs, points out, on the legislation adopted in Alberta in the consolidation scheme of 1930, according to which five equal annual payments are called for. One more year will now be added to the period of grace, and the amounts payable each year will be graded upward.

Alberta's Farm Mortgage Indebtedness.

In a bulletin issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics Alberta is shown as having the lowest farm mortgage debt in the west, on the 1921 census basis. Farm mortgages in Alberta total is \$108,493,000; value of land and buildings \$682,406,000, at ratio of 15.8 per cent. Saskatchewan's ratio is 17.4. Percentage of number of Alberta farms mortgaged to total number of farms is 26.2.

The Locomotive Goes to the Laundry.

A novel method of washing locomotives has been adopted by the C.N.R. Instead of being washed by hand, the engines are passed thru and under a hoop-like washing frame fitted with spray nozzles. As this is reached, the front wheels of the engine close an electrical circuit that turns on hot water sprays having a pressure of 140 pounds to the square inch. When the engine and tender have slowly passed thru the frame the rear wheels break the circuit and the water flow ceases. A cleaning compound mixed with the spraying water dissolves oil and grease and leaves on the washed surface a film of wax which renovates the paint-work and discourages rust.

Schedule of Mails.

From the East—Sun, Tues and Thurs 11:03 p.m.
From the West—Sun, Wed. & Friday, at 1:31 a.m.
Mail to East—Sun, Wed, Friday at 5:32 a.m.
Mail to West—Sun, Tues and Thurs, at 11:03 p.m.
Reg. dispatched and received with every mail.

Open Seasons for Game.
Ducks and Geese—Sept 15 to Nov 14th.
Hesperian Partridge—Oct 1 to Nov. 30.
Sharp-tailed Grouse—Oct. 1 to Nov. 30.
Pheasant—No open season.
Deer—Nov 1 to Dec 14.
Otter, Nov. 1 to May 1.
Beaver, No Open Season.
Muskrat—Between North Saskatchewan River and Tp. 21, March 1 to April 15.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and Residence, 1st St. W. Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL. B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Successor to the late F. W. Lowry.
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Cor. 35 St. & 118 Ave., Edmonton.
PHONE 73174.
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

Wanted, Legs of Pork. Royal Cafe.

For Sale—Text Books for Public and High Schools; somewhat used. Apply Sun Office.

M. MECKLENBURG, Optical Specialist

Edmonton Office, 400a Tagler Bldg.
The Best Fitting Glasses. The Latest Styles in Frames. Glass Eyes.
—MODERATE CHARGES—

R. BREITKREUTZ, Blacksmith, etc., Stony Plain.

+++ +++
**REDUCED PRICES FOR THE
WINTER MONTHS.**
+++ +++

This is the season when every farmer should take a look over his machinery with a view to having it put in shape for the Spring before it is stored away for the winter.

I have decided to give a fair discount for all Spring work during the Winter months, on the following articles—Seed Drill Boxes Sharpening and Laying, Disc Sharpening, Plow Sharps Sharpening and Pointing, Harrows Sharpening, Wagons cut down and Repaired, and other Repairs of all kinds. Oxygen-Acetylene Welding and taking orders for new Plow Sharps to be delivered in the Spring at a very low price. A number of Plow Sharps on hand for different makes of Plows.

Wagon and Axles and Oak Wagon Poles on hand.

I have a number of Steel Sleigh Shoes all ready made up, at a low price, ready to put on, and a number of Sleigh Runners. Bring in your work to me now, and take advantage of these Special Low, Reduced Prices before the time expires, and don't wait until the Spring, when the work will be piled up, and you will be kept waiting for your job; and, at the same time, you will have to pay more for having it done.

Come in and tell me what you have to be repaired, and take the discount and save.

R. BREITKREUTZ.

The "MONCTON" Winter Outdoor Boot

The cold-proof Boot for all outdoor work or sport—heavy felt top with rubber sole and heel.

Made to 9 and 7 inch heights for men and women, and 6 and 7 inch heights for boys.

"A Rubber for Every Purpose"

LOOK FOR THE TRADE MARK

THE NORTHERN RUBBER CO. LIMITED

A complete range of "Northern" Boots and Rubbers is on hand to meet your needs—

RADIO'S NEW TRIUMPH
"The Magic Dial."
New Stewart-Warner 11 Tube Duo Superheterodyne Short & Long Wave Sets with Automatic Tone Control and New Typ. Twin Speakers
All the World on a Single Dial.
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FARMERS
SELECT YOUR SAMPLES NOW
for exhibit at the
World's Grain Exhibition and Conference
Regina - Canada
July 24 - August 5
Largest Cash Prizes Ever Offered for Grain and Seed

Advice on the preparation of your exhibits, the details of the competition, the manner of making your entries, shipping instructions and full particulars regarding every phase of this epoch-making event, will be gladly furnished if you write to The Secretary, World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, Imperial Bank Chambers, Regina, Sask.

DO IT NOW!

ENTRIES must be made on or before Jan. 31, 1934.
EXHIBIT SAMPLES must be in the hands of the Secretary, at Regina, on or before March 1, 1934.

Chairman National Committee: **HON. ROBERT WEIR**, Minister of Agriculture for Canada.
Chairman Executive and Finance Committee: **HON. W. O. BUCKLE**, Minister of Agriculture for Saskatchewan.

TRAVEL this WINTER

LOW FARES

to
EASTERN CANADA-PACIFIC COAST CENTRAL UNITED STATES

Plan now to holiday this winter. Excursion fares to many points in Canada and the Central United States commencing December ensure a pleasant trip at minimum expense. Enquire now for full particulars from your local Canadian National Agent or write

J. MADILL, D.P.A., Edmonton, Alta.

CANADIAN NATIONAL



CHAPTER III.—Continued.

Down in Ontario, debating what path to take, Joyce had thought of asking her dad to come and live with her. From a money standpoint, considering her good salary, that was the sensible thing to do. But she had chosen to return here. At that time she had fully realized the secret and irrefutable reason of her return. If anyone had told her that reason, she would have denied it hotly. But now, face to face with a personal tragedy which forced her to disillusioned thinking, she looked into her heart and saw there the real motive. It was Alan Baker who had drawn her. By degrees unknown, unperceived by her, girlfriend friendship had deepened into love.

She had come back to be near Alan Baker. She had come back in the passionate hope that he and she would marry.

There had been an unspoken understanding between herself and Alan that when the road ahead was a little clearer for both of them, they would be married. And then Elizabeth had come. . . . Alan's engagement to Elizabeth had been a daring unexpected blow. When Bill, coming past on patrol, awkwardly blurted out the news of it, she had not believed. It took days of racked wanderings in the woods, weeks of belated anguish and toiling, before the spirited strength and courage that were so great a part of Joyce, fought it out, and she steadied herself and began to believe.

But even now she did not fully accept. That engagement seemed strange to her. Though she knew nothing of Alan's secret marriage she did feel there was something behind it which Alan had told no one. It seemed to her, from what she had observed, that Alan had no passionate affection for Elizabeth.

Months after months Joyce had waited for word of his marriage. The word had not come. She wondered. . . . What was causing this long delay? She could only guess at possibilities, but during the lengthening months the belief had been born in her that something had arisen as a barrier to the marriage and that the engagement might be broken off.

When she thought of all these things and remembered how intimate and comradely she and Alan had been to one another, Joyce could not kill her lingering hope. As she stood there on the landing now, waiting the patrol, with her heart thumping at the prospect of seeing Alan and talking to him once more, she knew that tonight she would come a little closer to discovering whether her wild guesses were truth or only wished hoping.

Down the river a great yellow eye blinked through the trees. Swinging around a bend, it played up across the water. In a few moments more it picked her out, there on the landing; and Joyce stood bathed in the blinding shaft of the searchlight. The craft came on and on until by shielding her eyes she distinguished its outline and caught the glimmer of its steel.

The engine ceased. Suddenly, gently, the launch moved in toward the landing. A figure stepped past the searchlight and stood holding the painter on the half-deck of the boat; and Joyce knew then, her eyes seeing only him, that Alan Baker led this patrol.

Joyce tried to welcome him calmly, but in that moment she was thankful for the deep twilight, and she stepped back a little, where the shadows of a low-sweeping balcony veiled her face. About the only rag of pride left to her was the fact that

Alan Baker did not know or remotely guess her heart toward him.

With his first question, after their warm handshake, he asked her:

"Has anybody passed here lately, Joyce?"

"Not that I've seen. Nobody in the last four days."

"But surely they did! Were you here all day?"

Joyce noticed then a faintness in his voice, and she saw he had brought Eve with him on this patrol. It was no routine work, an ordinary patrol, this time.

She answered: "I was out hunting this morning, and I slept a couple hours this afternoon. They might have passed then. But they couldn't have gone by while I was here and awake."

"What time were you asleep this afternoon, Joyce?"

"I can't exactly . . . our clock isn't . . . Probably from about four till six."

Alan half-turned to Elizabeth. "But, you heard what Joyce said? They couldn't have reached here this morning, so they must have passed here after four. We're nearer up with them than I figured. We'd better stay here till the deep dark breaks. At night this way we won't sight them men on shore. They'd hear the launch coming and dodge aside into some creek."

He turned again to her. "If it wasn't happening, Joyce, will you give us a little to eat and some coffee?"

Impulsively—an hour of his company, setting a trail for him, leaving the truth of his relations with Elizabeth; but she merely nodded and invited the patrol up to the landing above.

Ahead of the men the two of them went up the path together, Alan shielding her from the brush overgrowing the trail; and as they went he told her briefly of the robbery, the murder, the escape up the Alouche.

The news fairly stunned Joyce, as it had him when Bill reported. And with her there was an added reason, a reason that struck her with sudden fear. Before Alan finished, she was grasping his arm in trembling fright. "My dad! He's on northeast, up river—up there somewhere! He's bringing down some fur. Alan! what if he runs into these men?"

"Good Lord!" Alan breathed to himself. "If they meet Dave . . . They're not the kind to let anybody go past alive and report their whereabouts!"

For Joyce's sake he tried to be convincing. "They may not meet him at all, Joyce. And if they do, why, they'd hardly shoot a man down wastefully. If for no other reason, it doesn't pay. They've got changes enough against them as it is. And they won't rob him; their consciences are riding heavy now."

He saw that he had succeeded with Joyce, for she began questioning him about the details of the robbery, wondering who these six strangers could be, and giving him some valuable information about the water stages up the Alouche.

They went on back to the kitchen, and Joyce set about getting a meal for six tired hungry men. As he sat eating plates and cups on the table, Alan asked himself:

"Isn't she wondering why I haven't been here for so long? I'd think she would wonder at least why I stopped helping her about Dave. But she hasn't mentioned it; she must not have missed my help much. It was pretty shabby of me to stop like that, even if . . ." He recalled how Elizabeth, jealous of the comradely relationship between him and Joyce, had asked him to let Bill stand in any patrol work up the Big Alouche. Elizabeth's references to "that Maribeth girl" had antagonized him at times. They

seemed positively cruel, considering the hard time Joyce was in.

A question from the girl broke into his thoughts.

"What are you and Elizabeth going to be married, Alan?"

Her question, or rather the way she asked it, hurt Alan, for some reason he could not exactly word. Her voice was so very sweet, as though she had not even a friend's interest in his marriage. Could it be possible that he and Joyce, once so intimate and so near to each other that they had spoken of children and a life together, were now casually discussing his marriage to another girl?

He said, "We haven't—we're—we don't exactly know yet."

There was a pause. A swift color had flown into Joyce's cheeks; a little feverishly she was repeating to herself those surprising words. "We don't know yet, he doesn't know yet! Does that mean—mean he's doubtful if it will ever be?"

"But it's in this summer, I suppose," she questioned, peering at the stove and still not looking at Alan.

"I don't know. Yes, I guess so, Joyce." Then he explained reluctantly, "Elizabeth wants me to get out of the Mounted."

Joyce gasped. Out of the Mounted—she could not imagine such a thing. The work was a part of Alan. What would he do without it? And what would Fort Resolution do without him?

She said: "But Alan! What would you turn to? The Mounted has been your work—"

"Well, I've got the offer of a job down in Victoria. It's pretty good, as far as money goes. And Elizabeth would like it there. I haven't exactly decided. It's a big step to take."

Those few reluctant sentences were a revelation to Joyce, like a white light breaking upon something which had been dark to her. Alan didn't want to go! Elizabeth was trying to force him. She wanted to live in a city; she wanted the things which that salary would bring her; she was using Alan to get what she wanted. But she and Alan were not of one mind! If he really loved her, deeply and passionately, would he be so reluctant, would he allow anything on earth to come between them?

Joyce dared not ask him anything further then; he might add a word that would destroy this new-born hope. But a hundred thoughts were running wild through her. . . . "Suppose he doesn't yield to Elizabeth! Suppose he won't go! Then she won't marry him! She'll throw him over for Elizabeth; that's what she'll surely do. Bill says she and Elizabeth are together half the time Alan's away from Resolution. Isn't that the reason?—she's not sure of Alan yielding; and if she can't have her way with him she'd like to be an inspector's wife!"

With swift unerring insight Joyce saw the all-crucial question: Would Alan get out of the Mounted? She was still uncertain what he truly felt for Elizabeth, but from his own lips she had learned one thing which an hour ago she had scarcely dared hope could be true. The marriage was not sure; it might never be!

In her objections she whispered to herself: "I don't care if he does like her. I don't, I don't care! If she throws him over, then we'll be friends again, then he'll come home to me again; and then—after that . . ."

To Be Continued.

A Real Asthma Remedy. Dr. J. B. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has never been advertised by extravagant statements. His claims are conservative indeed, when judged by the benefits which it performs. Expert relief and permanent benefits when you buy this remedy and you will not have cause for disappointment. It gives permanent relief in many cases where other so-called remedies have utterly failed.

Lithium From Lithium

Disintegration of lithium atoms at the rate of approximately 100 a minute thereby transmuting crystals of this lightest of all metallic elements into lithium was described at Pasadena, California, by the American Physical Society by Dr. M. Stanley Livingston and Prof. R. O. Lawrence, University of California Physicists.

Heads Broomsticks

A striking resemblance between the crown of the Alouche Indians and that of the Chinese has been discovered by Dr. Martin Barbeau of the archaeological department of the national museum of Ottawa.

Only Two Lookups Lost

British Steamers Safe For Navigation During White Season

Five steamers carried grain over the Churchill route this summer without even having insurance. They encountered no trouble and saw no icebergs. During the winter shipping season only one lookup was sighted in the straits besides the one struck by the "Bright Eye."

Such was the statement of Henry Aubrey, engineer in the employ of the federal department of railways and canals, who spent the summer and fall in the north.

He stated that Captain Frodin made a trip on the "Ocean Knight" up to the Foul Channel and the Foul Strait before navigation opened up, to see if there was any ice coming down that would enter the British Straits in the latter part of August. On this trip north he discovered that the ice had all gone out of the channels, leaving the straits open for safe navigation. He is reported to the government.

Mr. Aubrey also stated that only one lookup was sighted by the French boat "Hercules," the first boat to enter Churchill Harbor for the navigation season.

Mr. Aubrey is very enthusiastic over the feasibility of the Churchill route.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Alan Macdonald

AT HINCHFALL

The black gale threatens: Snow and storm.
Are his refrains,
And angrily down fell and fell
The voice complains.

The wind grows louder now. With storm.
Ocean dark today;
Only the arms of love can chase
My fears away.

Only the arms of love to hold
Me warm and near;
The tender arms of love, to hold
All problems here!

About me friendships leads are laid
And wild wind's stream,
While ever holder crop night's shade
And loneliness.

No warrior's rain, no moment's night
Could make me woe;
Love's arms, alone, can vanquish
And bring me peace!

Buffalo For New South Wales

Government May Ship Specimens From Whitehorse For Meat

Canada has offered specimens of the far-famed Canadian buffalo to New South Wales. The desire of the Antipodean Government to build up the Taronga Zoological Park Trust in the New South Wales province recently was made known to this Dominion. The offer of Mr. George Parry, acting prime minister, followed.

One Canadian buffalo bull and two cows complete the offer. The specimens would come from the Buffalo Park at Whitehorse, Alberta.

If the offer is accepted, specimens of mammals or birds indigenous to New Zealand may be shipped to Canada.

French Officer Scolded

Scolded For Not Serving War

After 18 years a head has stretched across an man's head to drive the wolf away from the door of Home Rule, an unemployed laborer.

During 1917 Schultz received a French officer who was badly wounded. They exchanged letters in the Frenchman's convalescence in a hospital. Schultz, who has been without work for eight months, recently received a letter from his French friend with 400 francs as a "Christmas present." The officer explained he had just run across the German's name in an old diary and wanted to renew the friendship.

Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Graves' Worm Bactericide, because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy.

A ship's captain is empowered to conduct a marriage ceremony on his boat if the captain wishes.

Little Help For This Week

"Strengthened with all might, according to the glorious power, with all patience and long-suffering with joyfulness."—Colossians 1:6.

That does not need. . . .
Either man's works or his own gifts
Who best
Near his will yet, they serve him best;
His state
Is kindly; thousands at his bidding
And just o'er head and arm with-
out fail;
They also serve who only stand and wait.

—J. Milton.

We cannot always be doing a great work, but we can always be doing something that belongs to our condition. To be silent, to suffer, to pray when we cannot act, is acceptable to God. A disappointment, a contradiction, a limit, a hindrance, a wrong intention will not hinder us in the presence, to work more than a long prayer, and we do not less than if we hear no less with goodness and pleasure, provided the love was terrible and was not caused by our own fault.—Pechen.

Prospectors Seek Claims

Ontario Prospects Great Activity In Great Bear Lake Area

According to reports reaching Ottawa, a great many mineral claims have already been staked in the north adjacent to Great Bear Lake, Northwest Territories, and there is every likelihood that many more will be staked this summer. Some prospectors have already gone in by airplane and others are planning to go in by water transport as soon as the ice goes out. In view of this great activity the topographical survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, has repeated the request regarding the survey of mineral claims in Dominion lands for the use of Dominion land surveyors who may be called upon to make official surveys of these claims.

Wheat Market Competitive

Australia and Argentina Are Now Marketing Their Crops

Marketing of southern hemisphere crops says a wheat review of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, will materially change the general situation that has existed since the beginning of the present crop year. Since August Canada has pretty well dominated the world export market.

For the balance of the crop year, Canada will have two important competitors, Australia and Argentina, in the wheat market, assuming that the United States will not greatly change its present relationship to external markets.

Keep Douglas's Egyptian Liniment

Ready. A sure, speedy remedy for burns, sprains, rheuma, blood poisoning, soft corns, warts, scald feet. Invaluable for information and treatment in rheumatism.

Radon in Rock

Two Specimens Of Potent Radon Found From Great Bear Lake District

Two specimens of radon have been extracted from pitchblende found in the north country around Great Bear Lake and will be placed on the market soon, the first Great Bear Lake radon product. This is the first radon brought to Calgary by H. B. Mackenzie and Paul Davidson, prominent northern prospectors, who have just completed months of work at Great Bear Lake silver and pitchblende fields.

A full survey of Saskatchewan, which was commenced in 1921, is now nearing completion.

There are 260 rooms in Beaulieu Hotel Palace.



United Christmas Service.

The Christmas service at the United Church, held in the morning, was very successful, the edifice being filled to capacity when Pastor Sieber opened with the invocation. The text was taken from the 24 chap. of St. Luke, and a very able discourse was heard, based on this. The anthems by the choir were a pleasing feature, among these being "Christmas Awake, Salute the Happy Morn" and "The First Christmas Morning."

At the close of the morning service the members of the choir presented Mrs. R. M. Outway with a beautiful silver hot water jug as a token of

Card of Thanks.

We wish to take this opportunity to wish the members of St. John's Lutheran congregation at Golden Spike a Happy New Year; and also to thank them, one and all, for the Christmas presents received.

Rev. P. and Mrs. HANSEN.

appreciation for faithful and efficient services rendered as organist. Mr. Yeats, on behalf of the choir, requested Pastor Sieber to make the presentation.

The service at the United Church next Sunday, Jan. 1, will be at the regular hour—7:30 p.m.

Holborn Happenings.

The school concert held on Friday night was a huge success, being attended by over 400 people, and took 3 hours. People present from Stony, Telfordville, Graminia, Hansena, Brightbank and Edmonton.

The first session of the new Sunday school at Holborn will open Sunday next, Jan. 8th. Miss Anderson is supervisor and Knox McKinnon is the 2d teacher. Every young person in the district is invited to attend.

Sleigh coasting has been started on the river hill. They have been able to make the half mile hill in seventy-two seconds or the approximate speed being about 30 miles an hour. They are figuring on clearing off the river ice and starting skating. H.J.R.

Creamery Short Course.

The annual creamery workers' short course under the auspices of the provincial department of agriculture and the university will be held at the university for two weeks commencing the morning of January 4. Lectures and reviews will be given each day, dealing with some aspects of the development and organization of the dairy industry, chemistry and bacteriology, principles and methods in production and handling of milk and cream, the testing, grading and quality tests, marketing of milk, cream and butter, and other important topics.

The Flu Hits Wembley.

Northern Tribune, Dec. 22: The flu epidemic abated suddenly on Wembley last week, with a result that many of the homes have one or more patients, and the public and high schools considerably depleted in attendance.

The annual school concert which was scheduled for Thursday night of this week, the school board and teaching staff found necessary, on account of the epidemic, to postpone its date to be held after school recesses.

World's Grain Exhibition.

The Board of Grain Commissioners of Canada has applied for space at the new World's Grain Exhibition and Conference building at Regina for an exhibit of wheat during the 1923 Fair. The exhibit will occupy a space of 1500 sq. ft.; the main feature of the display being a demonstration of Canadian export grades.

So Be It!

A friend writes the editor: "Merry Christmas, and here's hoping that 1923 is no worse than 1922." We consider that a philosophic sentiment and endorse the same with a deep "amen"—Vermilion Standard.

Gov't Pays Half the Fee.

An encouragement to Alberta seed growers to exhibit at Regina World's Grain Congress in 1923 the Prov. Dept. of Agriculture has agreed to pay half the entry fee in each class for each exhibitor entering. The total fee now payable for these entries have been reduced by the commission in charge of the fair and will now be \$5.00 in the major classes and \$2.50 in the minor classes, of which half will now be covered by the department.

Stony Plain and District.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin K. Clark, Jasper, were week end visitors in Stony, with the former's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Latzer, Edmonton, were holiday visitors with Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Michael.

Mr. W. Rissman is spending a vacation at his home at Bruderheim.

Mr. Lawrence Sieber, B.A., of St. Stephen's College, is spending the Christmas holidays at the home of his uncle, Rev. W. R. Sieber.

Miss Q. Dunsdon came down from the North Saturday, to spend the holiday with her parents here.

Charles Ries the Appleman has gone to Vancouver for the holidays.

Stony Plain school and St. Matthew schools re-open after the holidays on Tuesday, Jan. 2nd.

Mr. Wilson of Calgary is bringing up a carload of horses to Stony Plain in the course of a few weeks.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Lost—1 Clyde mare, about 1400 lbs., 12 years old; big white star on forehead. Apply Joe Urmel Jr., Stony Plain P. O., or Box Office.

The Hope Mission, Edmonton is asking farmers of this district for donations of butter, meat, and other articles, for distribution among the City's poor. Donations may be left at the Warwick Departmental store.

Sporting Notes.

The contest is still in progress among the local curlers, with the vice president in the lead by 4 wins.

Arrangements are under for a boxing contest to be held in Stony in about a fortnight's time.

Monday's hockey game resulted as follows: Stony Plain Seniors 1, Evansburg 0. C. Fuhr referee.

The Stony Senior team have now two games in sight—one here with Gainer's team on Sunday next; and one up at Evansburg on Jan. 2.

Church Services.

Service at Roundhill Lutheran church Sunday, Jan. 1st at 10:45 a.m.

German Lutheran services will be held in Stony Plain next Sunday at 2:30 p.m.

United Church service every Sunday Evg. at 7:30.

Services in St. Philip's Church next Sunday, 7:30 p.m.

On Sunday Jan. 16 there will be Lutheran services at St. Matthew's Schoolhouse at 7:30 p.m., by Rev. H. Karing.

AUCTION SALE BILLS, WELL OUP AND PRINTER AND ADVERTISING

YOU ARE ESSENTIAL IF YOU WANT YOUR SALE TO BE A SUCCESS. BRING YOUR LIST TO

The STONY PLAIN SUN

The Sun's Calendar.

- occasions—
- 20—Installation of officers, Methodist Lodge.
 - 30—Holborn Junior Local dance.
 - 31—Watchnight service at United Church, 11:30 p.m.
 - 31—Community dance at the Main Lido Hall.
- JANUARY—
- 1—Midnight Frolic at 2105, in Home Hall.
 - 2—Stony Plain's schools re-open.
 - 7—Ratemyers of Stony Plain N. D. meet.
 - 13—Boxing Bogie, Holborn Hall.
 - 14—Annual meeting of Larchmont S. D. ratemyers.
 - 17—United Farmers' Convention at Calgary.
 - 18—Winter Drive in Town Hall by Town Band.
 - 21—Reception by the Editor, for overland subscriptions.

Spruce Grove News.

Mrs. Joe Fuhr, accompanied by her two sons Kenneth and Gordon, arrived from Wembley on Saturday evening, Dec. 24th, to spend the Christmas and New Year's holidays with Mrs. Fuhr's parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Bros.

Miss D. Bates arrived last week from St. Paul district, to spend the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Piercy and family spent Sunday as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Shidfield.

Spruce Grove school held its annual Christmas concert in the United church last Friday evening, Dec. 23d. A large attendance being present, enabled everyone to have a splendid time. Mr. William McLeod was the efficient chairman.

It is understood that Mr. Joseph Whitlock has been granted a license for Spruce Grove Hotel, in succession to Mr. J. Muloney. It is expected the new proprietor will take charge the first of the week.

The services last Sunday at the United Church were conducted by the Rev. L. Sieber from Edmonton. Several of the congregation attended the special Christmas services at Stony Plain United Church that morning.

An effort is being made to have Mrs. Hyett taken to an Edmonton hospital.

The Market Report.

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	\$2.23
No. 2 Northern	\$2.20
No. 3 Northern	\$2.18
No. 4 Northern	\$2.17
RICE.	
1 C. W.	\$2.00
1 C. W.	\$2.00
Extra 1 Feed	\$1.50
No. 1 Feed	\$1.50
No. 2 Feed	\$1.50
BARLEY.	
No. 3	\$1.11
No. 4	\$1.10
Feed	\$1.08

REPAIR WORK

All kinds of Carpentering, Plastering, Brick Work, and Repair Work on Buildings.

Mr. Val. Pailer, Stony Plain.

Watchnight Service.

SAT. EVE. DEC. 31, at 11:30 o'clock in Stony Plain United Church.

EVERYBODY WELCOME.

Rev. W. R. Sieber, Pastor.

The Service Garage.

To Our Customers and Friends, We tend best wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year, and extend our thanks for your valued patronage in the past.

Sommerfield & Mayer.

Chevrolet and Oldsmobile Cars.

ANDERSON'S BAKERY.

In grateful appreciation for the courtesies you have extended to us in the past. We welcome an opportunity to thank you for that measure of goodwill and confidence we enjoy from you.

PAUL ANDERSON, - Proprietor.

THE SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

PHONE 21.

WISHING THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON TO OUR MANY CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS.

PETER HENKEL, Proprietor.

APPLES!

A Carload Just Arrived, comprising: GRIMES' GOLDEN, WAGNER, McINTOSH RED, DELICIOUS, And all the other good varieties.

CHAS. RIES,

At the L. Zilliox Warehouse, Stony Plain.



T. J. HARDWICK, STONY PLAIN.